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| 12 Attorneys for Defendant and 13 Counterclaimant Gucci America, Inc. | |
| 14 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA | |
| 16 WESTERN DIVISION | |
| 17 | |
| 18FOREVER 21, INC., a Delaware corporation,CASE NO. CV 17-04706-FMO(Ex) | |
| 10Corporation,19Plaintiff,20vs.20vs. | |
| | |
| 21GUCCI AMERICA, INC., a New York corporation, and GUCCIO GUCCI1. REGISTERED TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT | |
| 22 S.P.A., an Italian entity, 23 Defendents 24 C. TRADEMARK INFRINGEMEN 25 Defendents | Т |
| 23 Defendants. 24 AND FALSE DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN | |
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| 20 1 Case No. CV 17-04706-FM0 |)(Ex) |
| DEFENDANT GUCCI AMERICA, IN PARTIAL ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLA | VC.'S |

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| 1 2 | GUCCI AMERICA, INC., a New York corporation, | 3. FEDERAL TRADEMARK DILUTION | | |
| 3 | Counterclaimant, | 4. COMMON LAW TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT | | |
| 4 | VS. | 5. STATE TRADEMARK | | |
| 5 | FOREVER 21, INC., a Delaware corporation, | 6. STATE UNFAIR COMPETITION | | |
| 6 | Counter-Defendant. | | | |
| 7 | Counter Derendunt. | DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL | | |
| 8 | | Judge: Hon. Fernando M. Olguin | | |
| 9 | | Trial Date: None Set | | |
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| 28 | | Corre No. CV 17 04704 EMOVE \ | | |
| | | -2- Case No. CV 17-04706-FMO(Ex) DEFENDANT GUCCI AMERICA, INC.'S ER, AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS | | |

1

PARTIAL ANSWER

Defendant Gucci America, Inc. ("Gucci America"), by and through its
counsel, hereby answers each allegation of the Complaint of Forever 21, Inc.
("Forever 21" or "Plaintiff") that is not unique to the Second, Third, Fourth, and
Fifth claims for relief, which are subject to Gucci America's pending Motion to
Dismiss, filed concurrently with this Partial Answer, as follows.

7 1. Answering paragraph 1 of the Complaint, Gucci America admits that it
8 has notified Forever 21 of its acts of trademark infringement, but otherwise denies
9 the allegations set forth therein.

2. Answering paragraph 2 of the Complaint, Gucci America is without
knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the
allegations set forth therein and, on that basis, denies them.

3. Answering paragraph 3 of the Complaint, Gucci America admits that it
is a New York corporation having a principal place of business at 195 Broadway,
12th Floor, New York, New York 10007, and otherwise denies the allegations set
forth therein.

4. Answering paragraph 4 of the Complaint, Gucci America admits theallegations set forth therein.

19 5. Answering paragraph 5 of the Complaint, Gucci America admits that it
20 is the owner of the U.S. trademark rights it has asserted against Forever 21, but
21 denies that Guccio Gucci S.p.A. is an owner of those trademarks.

6. Answering paragraph 6 of the Complaint, Gucci America states that the
allegations contain legal conclusions to which no response is required; otherwise,
Gucci America denies the allegations set forth therein.

7. Answering paragraph 7 of the Complaint, Gucci America states that the
allegations contain legal conclusions to which no response is required; otherwise,
Gucci America denies the allegations set forth therein.

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8. Answering paragraph 8 of the Complaint, Gucci America states that the
 allegations contain legal conclusions to which no response is required; otherwise,
 Gucci America denies the allegations set forth therein.

4 9. Answering paragraph 9 of the Complaint, Gucci America is without
5 knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the
6 allegations set forth therein and, on that basis, denies them.

7 10. Answering paragraph 10 of the Complaint, Gucci America is without
8 knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the
9 allegations set forth therein and, on that basis, denies them.

10 11. Answering paragraph 11 of the Complaint, Gucci America is without
11 knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the
12 allegations set forth therein and, on that basis, denies them.

13 12. Answering paragraph 12 of the Complaint, Gucci America is without
14 knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the
15 allegations set forth therein and, on that basis, denies them.

16 13. Answering paragraph 13 of the Complaint, Gucci America admits that
17 it sent letters to Forever 21 demanding that it cease its infringing activities, the
18 contents of which speak for themselves, and otherwise denies the allegations set
19 forth therein.

14. Answering paragraph 14 of the Complaint, Gucci America admits that
it sent letters to Forever 21 demanding that it cease its infringing activities, the
contents of which speak for themselves, and otherwise denies the allegations set
forth therein.

15. Answering paragraph 15 of the Complaint, Gucci America admits that
it sent letters to Forever 21 demanding that it cease its infringing activities, the
contents of which speak for themselves, and otherwise denies the allegations set
forth therein.

-2-

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1 16. Answering paragraph 16 of the Complaint, Gucci America refers the
 2 Court to the referenced document for its contents, and otherwise denies the
 3 allegations set forth therein.

4 17. Answering paragraph 17 of the Complaint, Gucci America admits the
5 allegations set forth therein.

6 18. Answering paragraph 18 of the Complaint, Gucci America admits that
7 it asserted its trademark rights in various federal trademark registrations identified in
8 this paragraph of the Complaint, but otherwise denies the allegations set forth
9 therein.

10 19. No answer to the allegations in paragraph 19 of the Complaint is
11 required pursuant to Gucci America's pending Motion to Dismiss.

12 20. Answering paragraph 20 of the Complaint, Gucci America states that
13 this paragraph does not contain allegations to which a response is required, and on
14 that basis it denies the allegations set forth therein.

15 21. No answer to the allegations in paragraph 21 of the Complaint is16 required pursuant to Gucci America's pending Motion to Dismiss.

17 22. Answering paragraph 22 of the Complaint, Gucci America admits that
18 it sent letters to Forever 21 demanding that it cease its infringing activities, the
19 contents of which speak for themselves, and otherwise denies the allegations set
20 forth therein.

21 23. Answering paragraph 23 of the Complaint, Gucci America admits that
it sent letters to Forever 21 demanding that it cease its infringing activities, the
contents of which speak for themselves, and otherwise denies the allegations set
forth therein.

25 24. Answering paragraph 24 of the Complaint, Gucci America admits the26 allegations set forth therein.

 27 25. Answering paragraph 25 of the Complaint, Gucci America is without
 28 knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the -3- Case No. CV 17-04706-FMO(Ex) allegations set forth therein relating to "Forever 21's knowledge," and, on that basis,
 denies them.

3 26. Answering paragraph 26 of the Complaint, Gucci America admits that
4 it has federal trademark rights in the registrations referred to by Forever 21 as the
5 "Gucci Registrations," but otherwise denies the allegations set forth therein.

6 27. Answering paragraph 27 of the Complaint, Gucci America is without
7 knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the
8 allegations set forth therein and, on that basis, denies them.

9 28. Answering paragraph 28 of the Complaint, Gucci America states that
10 the allegations set forth therein contain legal conclusions to which no response is
11 required; otherwise, Gucci America denies the allegations set forth therein.

12 29. Answering paragraph 29 of the Complaint, Gucci America denies the13 allegations set forth therein.

30. Answering paragraph 30 of the Complaint, Gucci America states that
the allegations set forth therein contain legal conclusions to which no response is
required; otherwise, Gucci America denies the allegations set forth therein.

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18

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Declaration of Non-Infringement)

19 31. Answering paragraph 31 of the Complaint, Gucci America incorporates
20 herein by reference its responses to the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 18, 20,
21 and 22 through 30 of the Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

32. Answering paragraph 32 of the Complaint, Gucci America states that
the allegations set forth therein contain legal conclusions to which no response is
required; otherwise, Gucci America denies the allegations set forth therein.

33. Answering paragraph 33 of the Complaint, Gucci America states that
the allegations set forth therein contain legal conclusions to which no response is
required; otherwise, Gucci America denies the allegations set forth therein.

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| 1 | 34. Answering paragraph 34 of the Complaint, Gucci America states that |
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| 2 | the allegations set forth therein contain legal conclusions to which no response is |
| 3 | required; otherwise, Gucci America denies the allegations set forth therein. |
| 4 | 35. Answering paragraph 35 of the Complaint, Gucci America states that |
| 5 | the allegations set forth therein contain legal conclusions to which no response is |
| 6 | required; otherwise, Gucci America denies the allegations set forth therein. |
| 7 | 36. Answering paragraph 36 of the Complaint, Gucci America states that |
| 8 | the allegations set forth therein contain legal conclusions to which no response is |
| 9 | required; otherwise, Gucci America denies the allegations set forth therein. |
| 10 | SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION |
| 11 | (Cancellation of Federal Registration Nos. 4379039, 4563151, and 4567112 for Lack of Secondary Meaning) |
| 12 | 37. No answer to paragraph 37 is required pursuant to Gucci America's |
| 13 | pending Motion to Dismiss. |
| 14 | 38. No answer to paragraph 38 is required pursuant to Gucci America's |
| 15 | pending Motion to Dismiss. |
| 16 | THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION |
| 17 18 | (Cancellation of Federal Registration Nos. 1495863, 1511774, 1520796, 1483526, 1123224, 1122780, 4379039, 4563151, and 4567112 for Aesthetic Functionality) |
| 19 20 | 39. No answer to paragraph 39 is required pursuant to Gucci America's |
| 20 | pending Motion to Dismiss. |
| 21 22 | 40. No answer to paragraph 40 is required pursuant to Gucci America's |
| 22 | pending Motion to Dismiss. |
| 23 | FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION |
| 25 | (Cancellation of Federal Registration Nos. 1495863, 1511774, 1520796, 1483526, 1123224, 1122780, 4379039, 4563151, and 4567112 for Genericism) |
| 26 | 41. No answer to paragraph 41 is required pursuant to Gucci America's |
| 27 28 | pending Motion to Dismiss. |
| 20 | -5- Case No. CV 17-04706-FMO(Ex) |
| | DEFENDANT GUCCI AMERICA, INC.'S PARTIAL ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS |

42. No answer to paragraph 42 is required pursuant to Gucci America's 1 2 pending Motion to Dismiss. FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION 3 (Denial of Federal Registration of Marks in USPTO Application Serial Nos. 87116786, 87206686, 87116368, 87390952, and 87391139) 4 5 43. No answer to paragraph 43 is required pursuant to Gucci America's 6 pending Motion to Dismiss. 7 No answer to paragraph 44 is required pursuant to Gucci America's 44. 8 pending Motion to Dismiss. 9 No answer to paragraph 45 is required pursuant to Gucci America's 45. 10 pending Motion to Dismiss. 11 46. No answer to paragraph 46 is required pursuant to Gucci America's 12 pending Motion to Dismiss. 13 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF** 14 Gucci denies that Forever 21 is entitled to any relief from Gucci America or 15 the Court. 16 **AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES** 17 Gucci America asserts the following affirmative defenses as to each claim 18 alleged in the Complaint that is not otherwise subject to Gucci America's pending 19 Motion to Dismiss, filed concurrently with this Partial Answer, without assuming 20 the burden of proof on such defenses that would otherwise fall on Forever 21. 21 Gucci America reserves the right to supplement and/or amend these defenses, 22 including to assert new defenses, as discovery is conducted. 23 FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE 24 (Failure to State a Claim) 25 The Complaint fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted. 26 27 28 -6-Case No. CV 17-04706-FMO(Ex) DEFENDANT GUCCI AMERI

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| CO-FMO(EX) RICA, INC.'S FERCLAIMS |
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| Case | 2:17-cv-0470 | 6-FMO-E Document 22 Filed 08/08/17 Page 10 of 41 Page ID #:91 |
|--------|--------------|--|
| 1 2 | 3. | That Gucci America be awarded its costs of suit incurred herein, including attorneys' fees and expenses; and |
| 3 | 4. | For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper. |
| 4 | | [Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank] |
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| | | -8- Case No. CV 17-04706-FMO(Ex) DEFENDANT GUCCI AMERICA, INC.'S |
| | | PARTIAL ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS |

1

COUNTERCLAIMS

For its counterclaims of trademark infringement, trademark dilution, false
designation of origin, and unfair competition, defendant and counterclaimant Gucci
America, Inc. ("Gucci America") complains and alleges as follows against plaintiff
and counter-defendant Forever 21, Inc. ("Forever 21").

6

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

Not content just to continue knocking-off famous fashion brands and 7 1. 8 then settling with those who complain—all the while profiting handsomely by 9 flaunting the law—Forever 21 now brazenly masquerades as a victim of unfair competition in search of legal redress in the courts. Specifically, despite Gucci 10 America's repeated warnings to Forever 21 to cease and desist its piracy of some of 11 Gucci America's most iconic and renowned trademarks, Forever 21 not only 12 13 continues to market and sell clothing and accessories that blatantly copy those marks, but responded to Gucci America's assertion of its rights by bringing suit to cancel 14 some of the most famous marks in the fashion world. Gucci America brings these 15 counterclaims because Forever 21 has challenged its most valuable and widely 16 known marks, and further because Forever 21's legal assault, like its business model, 17 18 is built on undermining the very notion of trademark protection, which is of critical importance to Gucci America's brand. 19

From its earliest roots almost a century ago as a purveyor of finely 20 2. crafted leather goods in Italy, the "Gucci" brand ("GUCCI") has grown into one of 21 the best-known global brands for high-end fashion and accessories. Gucci America 22 23 has built and expanded its brand on the foundation of its high-quality luxury products coupled with its consistent and prominent use of a number of logos and 24 designs that have become synonymous with the name "GUCCI" and the products it 25 offers. Among Gucci America's most famous trademarks are its signature "green-26 red-green" and "blue-red-blue" webbing trademarks, which have been featured on 27 countless GUCCI products for more than a half-century. These webbing trademarks 28-9-Case No. CV 17-04706-FMO(Ex) remain tremendously popular and valuable, and Gucci America continues to use
 them prominently in its products, making them instantly recognizable as GUCCI.

3 3. In stark contrast to the GUCCI brand's reputation for innovation in 4 design and high-end fashion, Forever 21 has built its business on imitation. On 5 information and belief, this business model has resulted in Forever 21 being sued 6 dozens if not hundreds of times in recent years for infringements and other 7 violations of the intellectual property rights of designers and famous brands, with 8 unknown additional claims of piracy that were resolved short of litigation.

9 4. Consistent with Forever 21's standard practice of knocking off famous
10 brands, in or around December 2016, Gucci America discovered that Forever 21
11 was using Gucci America's distinctive "green-red-green" and "blue-red-blue"
12 webbing trademarks on Forever 21's own products, including as shown in the
13 following examples:





associated exclusively with the GUCCI brand, and by falsely associating Gucci
 America's symbol of quality in luxury goods and high-end fashion with Forever
 21's brand of mass-produced designer "knock-offs."

5

Forever 21 has initiated this action preemptively seeking to terminate 6. 4 5 the very Gucci America trademarks that it has wrongfully misappropriated. Forever 21 surely knows how strong these trademarks are, and, in seeking to cancel them 6 nonetheless, is taking aim not only at Gucci America, but also at any other company 7 8 that has earned brand recognition through creativity, innovation and investment. 9 Gucci America's trademarks rest on nearly a century of work in establishing and maintaining the GUCCI brand's reputation for high-quality goods that are instantly 10 recognizable to consumers as "GUCCI" brand products and that incorporate the 11 impeccable quality for which the GUCCI brand is known. Forever 21 cannot undo 12 13 the substantial consumer confusion it has created, or the resulting damages it has caused, by wrongfully seeking to divest Gucci America of its famous trademarks. 14

Accordingly, by these Counterclaims, Gucci America seeks to recover 15 7. against Forever 21 for its willful and intentional trademark infringement and other 16 violations of Gucci America's long-held exclusive rights in its iconic green-red-17 green and blue-red-blue webbing trademarks. 18 In doing so, Gucci America is standing up again to assert its commitment to its customers that it will protect the 19 value and quality of GUCCI products, and that it will not allow infringements of, or 20 attacks on, its signature trademarks. 21

22

THE PARTIES

8. Counterclaimant Gucci America, Inc. is a New York corporation,
having its principal place of business at 195 Broadway, 12th Floor, New York, New
York 10007.

9. Upon information and belief, counter-defendant Forever 21 is a
Delaware corporation and has its principal place of business at 3880 N. Mission
Road, Los Angeles, California 90031.

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JURISDICTION AND VENUE

10. This is an action arising under the Trademark Act of 1946, 15 U.S.C. § 1051, *et seq*. (the "Lanham Act"), and the laws of the State of California.

11. This Court has original jurisdiction over the subject matter of this
action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a) and (b). This Court has
supplemental jurisdiction over all other claims asserted herein under 28 U.S.C.
§ 1367(a). Alternatively, this Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28
U.S.C. § 1332 because the parties are citizens of different states and the amount in
controversy exceeds \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs.

10 12. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Forever 21 because Forever
11 21 brought this action in this Court and thereby consented to its jurisdiction.
12 Alternatively, this Court has personal jurisdiction over Forever 21 because, among
13 other things, it is doing business in the State of California and, upon information and
14 belief, its principal place of business is in this district.

- 15 13. Venue is proper in this district because Forever 21 brought this action
 in this Court and thereby consented to venue. Alternatively, venue is proper in this
 district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and (c) because Forever 21 resides in and is
 subject to personal jurisdiction in this district.
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21

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

A. <u>The GUCCI Brand and Gucci America's Famous Green-Red-Green and</u> <u>Blue-Red-Blue Webbing Logos</u>

14. The GUCCI brand's status as one of the world's premier brands is the
result of nearly a century of excellence and innovation in luxury and leather goods,
fashion, and accessories. From its inspired beginnings in Florence, Italy in the
1920s, to its rise as a global fashion company in the second-half of the 20th century,
GUCCI has represented the pinnacle of Italian craftsmanship. Today, Gucci
America distributes, among other things, clothing, accessories, footwear, lifestyle

-13-

products, jewelry and watches sold under the famous GUCCI brand name in the
 United States.

3 15. The origin of the GUCCI brand stems from the inspirations that its founder, Guccio Gucci, took from his time as a young boy in Florence and as a 4 5 porter in London during the early 20th Century. While in London, he dreamed of opening a shop in Florence that would sell beautiful leather pieces like those he saw 6 hotel guests using. When he returned to Florence, he opened a leather goods shop 7 8 on via Vigna Nuova. Behind the store was a small workshop where Guccio began making fine luggage and handbags, using the highest quality leather from Tuscan, 9 10 German, and English manufacturers.

11 16. In the ensuing decades, the GUCCI brand expanded from a small
12 family business based in Italy to an international brand with a worldwide presence.
13 In 1953, Gucci America opened its first store in New York City on East 58th Street,
14 introducing Americans to Italian fashion. Throughout the second half of the 20th
15 century, the GUCCI brand continued to expand its presence across the globe.

In the United States and Puerto Rico, Gucci America now has 16 17. approximately 100 GUCCI-branded and Gucci America-owned/operated retail 17 18 boutiques where it sells its products. Gucci America also sells its products through 19 its official website, www.gucci.com, as well as in several high-end retail department stores, including Neiman Marcus, Saks Fifth Avenue, Bergdorf Goodman and 20Nordstrom. Although GUCCI is a luxury brand, Gucci America markets and sells 21 22 products to customers in nearly every demographic, including teenagers and young 23 adults, offering products at a variety of price points.

18. Much of the GUCCI brand's growth and success can be traced to its
 long-standing and prominent use of its iconic trademarks on its high-quality goods,
 such that customers instantaneously know that such products are GUCCI. Among
 its most famous marks, and those at issue in this lawsuit, are Gucci America's
 signature webbing trademarks consisting of three bands in green-red-green ("GRG
 <u>-14-</u>
 <u>Case No. CV 17-04706-FMO(Ex)</u>

Webbing Logo") and blue-red-blue ("BRB Webbing Logo") color combinations
 (together, the "Webbing Logos"), as depicted below:

| 3 | The GRG Webbing Logo | The BRB Webbing Logo |
|-----|----------------------|----------------------|
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10 19. Gucci America has consistently used the Webbing Logos in commerce
11 since the 1960s. The Webbing Logos are inherently distinctive and, through Gucci
12 America's decades of use of the Webbing Logos across a variety of luxury goods,
13 have acquired distinctiveness.

20. Gucci America's famous Webbing Logos are instantly recognizable 14 and are known by the American consuming public as designating GUCCI as the 15 origin of the products on which they are displayed. Products bearing the Webbing 16 Logos are sought after by consumers because, among other reasons, they represent 17 the high quality in luxury goods and high-end fashion for which GUCCI is known. 18 Gucci America uses the Webbing Logos in connection with the promotion and sale 19 of clothing, footwear, handbags, fashion accessories, and many other categories of 20goods and services. By way of example only, below are some of the products Gucci 21 America has sold using the Webbing Logos: 22

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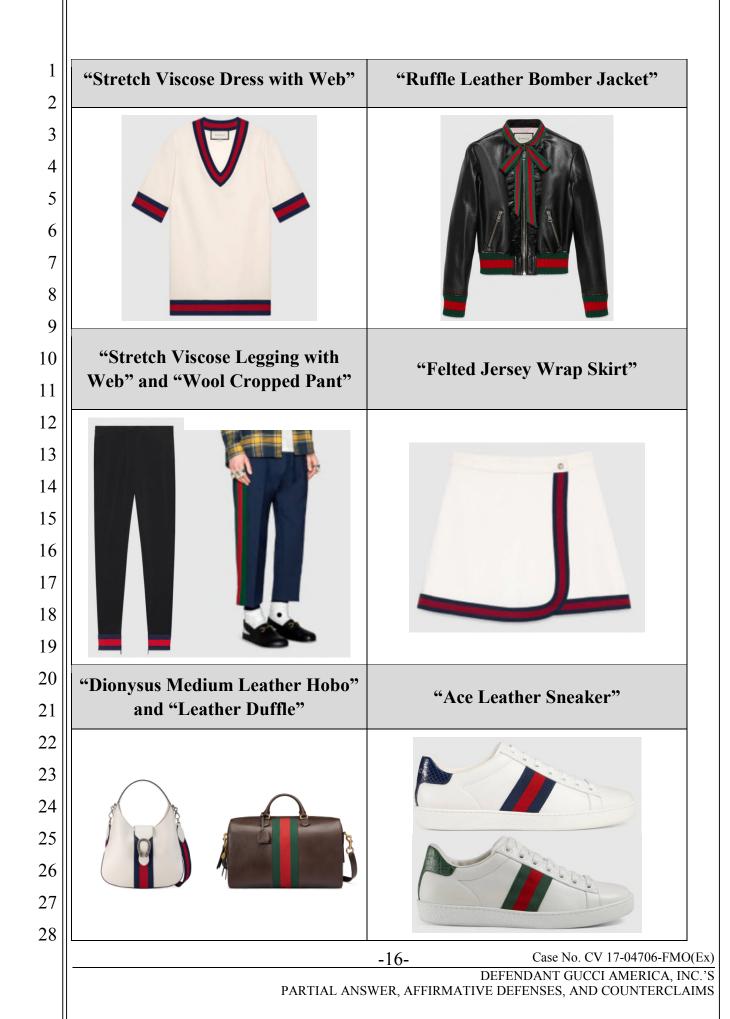
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| 1 | Gucci Watch (GRG) | Gucci Watch (BRB) |
|---|--|---|
| 2 | | |
| 3 | | |
| 4 | BUT BUT BUT BUT | RELITIVE CONTRACTOR |
| 5 | BUCCI CI | Succession States |
| 6 | | |
| 7 | 1987 1987 1988 1987 1987 1988 1987 1987 1988 | 001/1987 - 1987 |
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10 21. Gucci America has established valuable trademark rights in the U.S., 11 and significant goodwill among U.S. consumers, in its Webbing Logos by virtue of 12 its long-standing use of them in commerce.

13 22. Every year, Gucci America spends tens of millions of dollars on 14 As part of its effort to reach a broad range of customers, Gucci advertising. 15 America advertises in a variety of publications, including fashion magazines like 16 Vogue, Harper's Bazaar, Elle, Marie Claire, W Magazine, GQ and Esquire, and 17 lifestyle magazines such as Vanity Fair and The New Yorker. Gucci America also 18 advertises on billboards, in malls, and on telephone kiosks and taxi tops, as well as 19 through a host of online media sources, including social media platforms such as 20 Facebook and Instagram. GUCCI has consistently been recognized as a top global 21 brand and a top luxury brand. For example, GUCCI is presently in the top 50 of 22 Forbes' list of The World's Most Valuable Brands.¹ In 2016, Interbrand Best 23

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- 25 26
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- See https://www.forbes.com/powerful-brands/list/#tab:rank ("The World's 28 Most Valuable Brands") (2017 rankings). -17-

Global Brands designated GUCCI as one of the Top Global 100 brands and has, for
 the past 17 years, named GUCCI as the #1 Italian brand in the ranking.²

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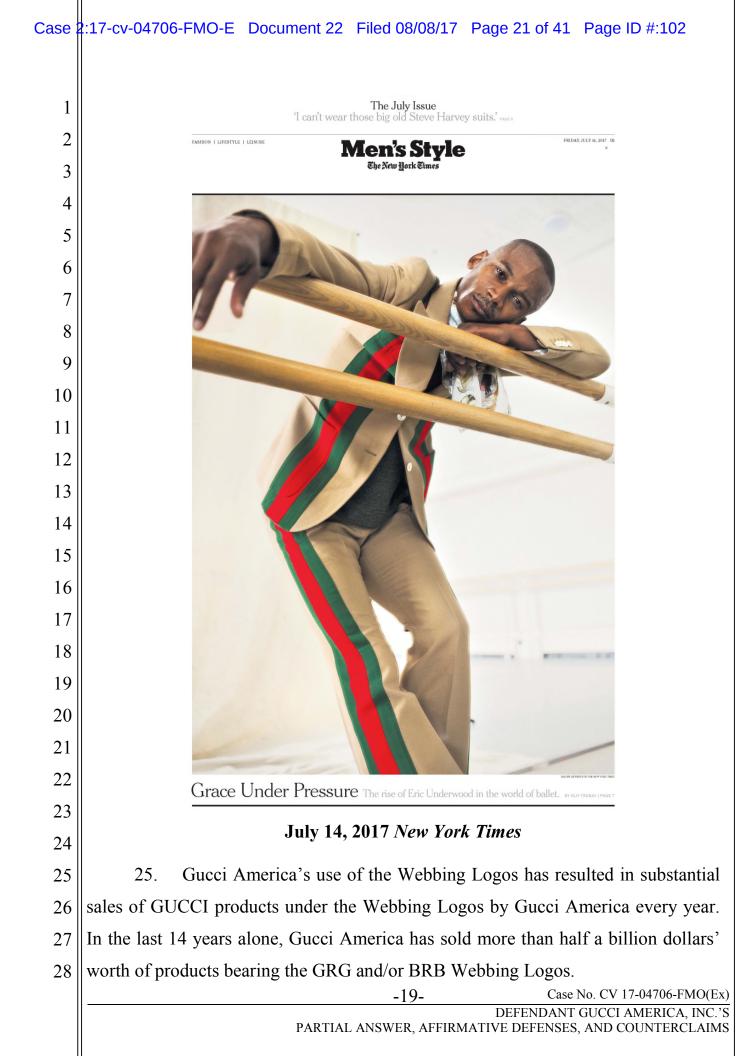
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Additionally, over the course of decades, Gucci America has invested 3 23. substantially in the promotion and marketing of goods bearing the Webbing Logos. 4 5 Since 2003 alone, Gucci America has spent more than \$20 million on advertising featuring the Webbing Logos in the United States. A compilation of examples of 6 Gucci America's advertising of goods bearing the Webbing Logos in recent years is 7 8 attached hereto as Exhibit A. Because of Gucci America's long-standing and 9 widespread use of the Webbing Logos, those logos have become essential to, and representative of, GUCCI's brand identity. 10

11 24. Independent of Gucci America's own advertising efforts, GUCCI products bearing the Webbing Logos have received significant acclaim and attention 12 13 from third-parties, including exposure in national media and the marketplace. Examples of editorial coverage of GUCCI products bearing the Webbing Logos are 14 included in Exhibit B. Indeed, a Gucci men's suit-properly identified as 15 "Gucci"—that prominently features the GRG Webbing Logo was displayed just a 16 few weeks ago on the front page of the July 14, 2017 New York Times, and also 17 18 displayed, full-page, as the lead photo for the cover story of its Men's Style section 19 in the same issue:

25 26 2 See Best Global Grands 2016 Rankings. INTERBRAND, http://interbrand.com/best-brands/best-global-brands/2016/ranking/; Global 27 Best Grands 2016 Rankings: Italy, INTERBRAND, http://interbrand.com/best-brands/best-28 global-brands/2016/ranking/#?filter=Italy. -18-



As a result of Gucci America's long-standing use of the Webbing 26. 1 2 Logos, its substantial investment of resources in advertising and promoting the 3 Webbing Logos over time, and the Webbing Logos' popularity in American culture and among consumers, the Webbing Logos have achieved widespread recognition 4 5 among the general consuming public of the United States and around the world as distinctive source-identifiers for GUCCI. The GRG and BRB Webbing Logos are 6 synonymous with GUCCI across the general consuming public. Indeed, Judge 7 8 Scheindlin of the Southern District of New York concluded that the GRG Webbing Logo was a famous mark within the meaning of the Trademark Dilution Revision 9 10 Act of 2006, stating that it was a "strong, famous" mark "entitled to the strictest protection the law affords." Gucci Am., Inc. v. Guess?, Inc., 868 F. Supp.2d 207, 11 246 (S.D.N.Y. 2012) (emphasis added). 12

13 27. Other courts—including the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals and courts in this district—have similarly recognized the distinctiveness and strength of Gucci 14 America's GRG Webbing Logo. See, e.g., Manetti-Farrow, Inc. v. Gucci Am., Inc., 15 858 F.2d 509, 511 (9th Cir. 1988) (the "red and green Gucci stripe" is "distinctive"); 16 Gucci Am., Inc. v. Los Altos Boots, Inc., 2014 WL 12561613, at *5 (C.D. Cal. Aug. 17 27, 2014) (finding "sufficient" evidence that GRG Webbing Logo "has acquired 18 19 secondary meaning because the company has spent substantial time, skill, and money to develop, advertise, and promote the Gucci Mark, leading to its widespread 2021 recognition among consumers"); Gucci Am., Inc. v. Super Star Int'l, Inc., 2013 WL 12114741, at *3 (C.D. Cal. Nov. 8, 2013) ("The strength of the Gucci [GRG 22 23 Webbing] Marks makes confusion more likely."); Gucci Am., Inc. v. Gucci, 2009 WL 8531026, at *14 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 5, 2009) (finding that Gucci America "has 24 shown that its marks are valid trademarks"); Gucci Am., Inc. v. Action Activewear, 25 Inc., 759 F. Supp. 1060, 1064 (S.D.N.Y. 1991) (finding it "clear that plaintiffs" 26 marks," including GRG Webbing Logo, "have acquired secondary meaning in the 27 28 minds of the public, identifying plaintiffs as the source of goods bearing those Case No. CV 17-04706-FMO(Ex) -20-DEFENDANT GUCCLAMERICA INC 'S 1 marks"); *Gucci Am., Inc. v. Dart, Inc.*, 715 F. Supp. 566, 568 (S.D.N.Y. 1989) ("The
2 green-red-green stripe device is a strong mark.").

3 28. Gucci America owns several valid and subsisting United States
4 trademark registrations for its GRG and BRB Webbing Logos. The GRG Webbing
5 Logo design mark is the subject of several registrations on the Principal Register in
6 the United States Patent and Trademark Office (the "USPTO"), including the
7 following federal registration:

| 8 9 | Mark | Reg. No. | Reg. Date | First Use in Commerce | Goods/Services (Class) |
|----------|----------------------|--------------|------------|--------------------------|---|
| 10 | | 4379039 | 8/6/2013 | 1967 | Shorts, pants, jeans, leggings, t-shirts, polo |
| 11 | | | | | shirts, shirts, sweaters, sweatshirts, dresses, skirts, |
| 12 13 | | | | | swimwear, one piece garments for infants and toddlers, cloth bibs, scarves, |
| 14 | | | | | ties, hats, gloves, suspenders, belts. (25) |
| 15 | 29. A cop | v of the tr | ademark re | pistration for R | Legistration No. 4379039 is |
| 16 | attached hereto as I | - | | | |
| 17 18 | 30. Additi | onally, Gu | ucci Ameri | ica owns and | maintains common law |
| 10 | trademark rights to | o the GRC | 6 Webbing | Logo by virtu | e of its use in commerce |
| 20 | | | | | merica's rights in the mark |
| 21 | bearing Registratio | | | e | , |
| 22 | | | 0 0 | U / | likewise, is the subject of |
| 23 | following federal re | | Principal | Register in u | he USPTO, including the |
| 24 | | -gistiation. | | | |
| 25 | | | | | |
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| 28 | | | _ | 21- | Case No. CV 17-04706-FMO(Ex) |

DEFENDANT GUCCI AMERICA, INC.'S PARTIAL ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS

| 1 | Mark | Reg. No. | Reg. Date | First Use in Commerce | Goods/Services (Class) |
|-----------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------|--------------------------|--|
| 3 4 5 6 7 | (Blue-Red-Blue) | 1520796 | 1/17/1989 | 1967 | Goods made or coated with precious metal – namely candle holders, watches, cufflinks, bracelets, pendants, key rings, paper- weights, earrings, rings, necklaces, ice buckets, goblets, and stylized animal containers. (14) |

32. A copy of the trademark registration for Registration No. 1520796 is attached hereto as **Exhibit D**.

33. Gucci America's Registration No. 1520796 has become incontestable
 pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1065 because the trademark it covers "has been in
 continuous use for five consecutive years subsequent to the date of such registration
 and is still in use in commerce."

Additionally, Gucci America owns and maintains common law
trademark rights to the BRB Webbing Logo by virtue of its use of it in commerce
throughout the United States (collectively, with Gucci America's rights in the mark
bearing Registration No. 1520796, the "BRB Webbing Marks," and collectively
with the GRG Webbing Marks, the "GRG and BRB Webbing Marks" or simply the
"Webbing Marks").

35. From their inception decades ago, and throughout their continuous use
 by Gucci America since then, the GRG and BRB Webbing Marks have been non functional and have served to distinguish GUCCI products bearing those marks
 from the products of Gucci America's competitors and to identify the GUCCI brand
 as the source of those products.

36. Gucci America expends significant resources in carefully and closely
 monitoring and policing the use of its iconic marks, including the GRG and BRB
 Webbing Marks, by third parties, and in enforcing its trademark rights throughout

-22-

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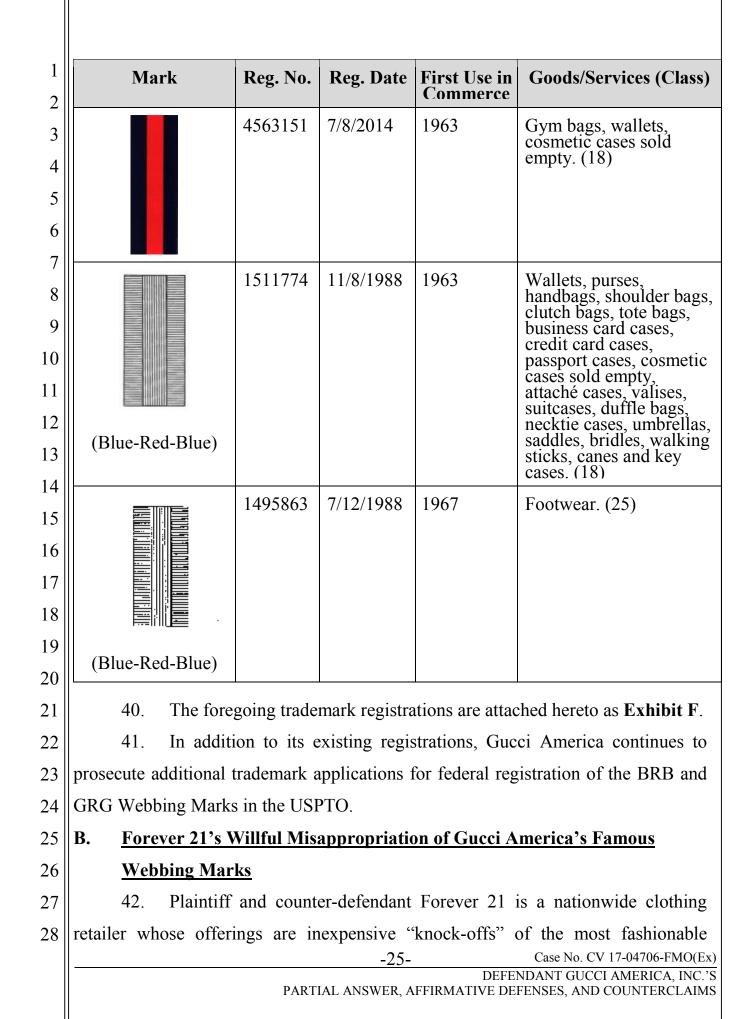
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the United States. Gucci America does not permit third parties to use the Webbing
Marks, absent a license, which it selectively grants to a very limited number of
licensees. In fact, currently, Gucci America has only two authorized licensees.
Gucci America actively enforces its federal and common law trademark rights in the
Webbing Marks to safeguard the immense value and consumer goodwill it has
engendered in those marks, and to preserve the exclusivity of the Webbing Marks to
Gucci America.

8 37. Gucci America's GRG and BRB Webbing Marks are famous, having acquired widespread recognition among the general consuming public of the United 9 States and around the world as distinctive source-identifiers for GUCCI. The fame 10 11 that Gucci America's Webbing Marks have achieved is further evidenced by the numerous trademark registrations on the Principal Register of the USPTO that 12 13 Gucci America has obtained for the GRG and BRB Webbing Marks over the years. For example, in addition to Registration No. 4379039, Gucci America owns the 14 following federal registrations for the GRG Webbing Logo: 15

| 16 17 | Mark | Reg. No. | Reg. Date | First Use in Commerce | Goods/Services (Class) |
|----------|-------------------|----------|--------------|--------------------------|---|
| 18 | | 1122780 | 7/24/1979 | 1963 | Wallets, purses, |
| 19 | | | | | Wallets, purses, handbags, shoulder bags, clutch bags, tote bags, card cases, passport cases |
| 20 | | | | | card cases, passport cases, cosmetic cases, attaché cases, valises, suitcases, |
| 21 | | | | | duffles, necktie cases, umbrellas, saddles, |
| 22 | | | | | bridles, walking sticks, canes, and key cases. (18) |
| 23 | (Green-Red-Green) | | | | calles, and key cases. (10) |
| 24 | | | | | |
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| | | | -23- | | Case No. CV 17-04706-FMO(Ex) |
| | | PARTL | AL ANSWER, A | | NDANT GUCCI AMERICA, INC.'S FENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS |

| 1 2 | Mark | Reg. No. | Reg. Date | First Use in Commerce | Goods/Services (Class) |
|----------|--------------------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--|
| 3 | | 1483526 | 4/5/1988 | 1967 | Footwear. (25) |
| 4 | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | |
| 8 | (Green-Red-Green) | | | | |
| 9 | | 1123224 | 7/31/1979 | 1967 | Goods made or coated with precious metal – |
| 10 11 | | | | | namely candle holders, watches, cufflinks, |
| 11 | | | | | bracelets, pendants, key rings, paperweights, |
| 13 | | | | | earrings, rings, necklaces, ice buckets, goblets, stylized animal containers |
| 14 | (Green-Red-Green) | | | | and letter openers. (14) |
| 15 | | 4567112 | 7/15/2014 | 2010 | Eyeglasses and |
| 16 17 | | | | | sunglasses and cases therefor; protective covers and cases for |
| 17 | | | | | mobile electronic communication devices |
| 19 | | | | | and computers; cell phone straps; computer carrying cases. (9) |
| 20 21 | | | | 2010 | Jewelry and key rings of precious metal. (14) |
| 22 | | | | 2010 | Cosmetic cases sold |
| 23 | | | | | empty, suitcases, luggage, duffle bags, diaper bags partly and wholly of |
| 24 | | | | | leather; pet accessories, |
| 25 | | | | | namely, carriers, collars and leashes. (18) |
| 26 | | , C | C | | ched hereto as Exhibit E . |
| 27 | | C | | | ucci owns the following |
| 28 | federal registrations fo | or the BRB | Webbing Lo -24- | • | Case No. CV 17-04706-FMO(Ex) |
| | | PARTI | | DEFE | NDANT GUCCI AMERICA, INC.'S FENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS |



designers. Being sued for thefts of intellectual property is apparently just a cost of
 doing business for it, and one which does not interfere with its overall business
 model, which is behind the company's growth into a \$4 billion business with more
 than 500 retail stores and an active e-commerce website.

5 43. Forever 21 has a well-documented history of infringing the trademarks, trade dress, copyrights, and designs of successful fashion brands. In this district 6 alone, upon information and belief, more than a hundred cases for infringement of 7 copyright or trademark rights have been brought against Forever 21 in the past 8 decade. As Magistrate Judge Dolinger of the Southern District of New York has 9 noted, "the extraordinary litigating history of [Forever 21] . . . raises the most 10 serious question as to whether it is a business that is predicated in large measure 11 infringement of competitors' intellectual property." 12 on the systematic 13 Anthropologie, Inc. v. Forever 21, Inc., 2009 WL 690239, at *4 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 13, 2009) (emphasis added). 14

44. Upon information and belief, in or around December 2016, if not
earlier, and continuing to the present, Forever 21 began attempting to profit from the
considerable consumer goodwill attendant to Gucci America's GRG and BRB
Webbing Marks by selling products bearing marks identical and/or confusingly
similar to the Webbing Marks (the "Infringing Products").

45. The Infringing Products offered by Forever 21 include, but are not
necessarily limited to, the products depicted below, which are shown side-by-side
with a genuine Gucci America product, and which bear the same or confusingly
similar marks:

24 25 26 27 28 <u>-26- Case No. CV 17-04706-FMO(Ex)</u> DEFENDANT GUCCI AMERICA, INC.'S PARTIAL ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS









Further, Forever 21's use of the Infringing Designations on the 1 47. Infringing Products diminishes the distinctiveness of the Webbing Marks insofar as 2 3 it reduces the exclusivity that the Webbing Marks carry by virtue of their association with Gucci America. Forever 21's use of the Infringing Designations further dilutes 4 5 the value of the Webbing Marks by associating the Webbing Marks with Forever 21, which is known as a purveyor of imitation designer apparel, as contrasted with the 6 GUCCI brand, which is known for innovative design, high fashion and unparalleled 7 8 quality.

9 Upon information and belief, Forever 21's infringement of Gucci 48. America's Webbing Marks was and continues to be willful and intended to cause 10 11 confusion or mistake among consumers for Forever 21's benefit. Forever 21's acts in deceiving consumers into believing that Gucci America products could be 12 13 purchased at Forever 21 was not an innocent coincidence: it occurred at the very same time that Gucci America was seeing, and continues to see, record performance 14 in sales flowing from the new creative direction of the GUCCI brand under the helm 15 of its creative director, Alessandro Michele. GQ magazine recently declared 16 GUCCI "the hottest label on earth right now," commenting that stores "can't seem 17 to keep anything in stock longer than a couple of days. All hail the new king of 18 cool."³ Significantly, this new creative direction has, among other things, expanded 19 the prominence of the Webbing Logos in GUCCI's apparel line, helping to make the 20 GUCCI brand—and Webbing Logos in particular—more popular than ever. Upon 21 information and belief, Forever 21's actions in infringing Gucci America's GRG 22 23 and BRB Webbing Marks-which coincide with GUCCI's expansion of the prominence of the Webbing Marks in its fashion line—is a deliberate effort to trade 24 25 on the popularity of the Webbing Marks that Gucci America has achieved through substantial investment and innovation. 26

27

³ Why Gucci Is The Hottest Label On Earth Right Now, GQ (Aug. 27, 2016) http://www.gq.com/story/gucci-alessandro-michele-loafers-embroidery.

49. Forever 21's willfulness in infringing the Webbing Marks is evident
 not only from its blatant copying of the Webbing Logos and other source-identifying
 features of popular GUCCI products at the height of the brand's popularity, but also
 from its continued sale of the Infringing Products even after Gucci notified Forever
 21 that its sales were in violation of Gucci America's rights in its Webbing Marks.

Specifically, on or about December 7, 2016, Gucci America wrote to 50. 6 Forever 21 demanding that it cease and desist from, inter alia, infringement of the 7 8 BRB Webbing Marks. Forever 21 failed to provide any substantive response, 9 requiring Gucci America to send additional letters on January 6 and February 13, 2017, in which Gucci America repeated its demand that Forever 21 cease and desist 10 11 from selling products that infringed on, *inter alia*, Gucci America's BRB Webbing Logo Registration No. 1520796, as well as its GRG Webbing Logo Registration No. 12 13 4379039, and identified further examples of Infringing Products that had come to 14 Gucci America's attention in the interim.

15 51. Upon information and belief, Forever 21's failure to timely and
meaningfully respond to Gucci America's demands was an intentional delay tactic
designed to avoid taking responsibility for its infringing conduct, all the while
continuing to sell and profit from the Infringing Products.

19 52. Despite having been on notice for months that its conduct infringed
20 Gucci America's rights in its Webbing Marks, upon information and belief, Forever
21 nonetheless continues to market and sell Infringing Products.

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- 23

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53. The foregoing allegations are incorporated as if re-alleged herein.

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FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Infringement of Registered Trademarks Under

Section 32 of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1114

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55. In the sale, offering for sale, distribution, and advertising of the
 Infringing Products, Forever 21 uses in commerce a reproduction, counterfeit, copy,
 or colorable imitation of the Webbing Marks registered by Registration Nos.
 4379039 and 1520796.

5 56. Upon information and belief, Forever 21's sale, offering for sale,
6 distribution, and advertising of the Infringing Products bearing the Infringing
7 Designations have caused, are likely to continue to cause, and are intended to cause
8 confusion and mistake among, or to deceive, consumers and the trade.

9 57. Forever 21's marketing and sale of the Infringing Products bearing the
10 Infringing Designations constitute infringement of the Webbing Marks registered by
11 Registration Nos. 4379039 and 1520796 in violation of Section 32 of the Lanham
12 Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1114.

58. Forever 21's acts of trademark infringement have caused and, unless
restrained, will continue to cause great and irreparable injury to Gucci America and
to the substantial consumer goodwill that Gucci America has engendered, in an
amount that cannot be ascertained at this time, leaving Gucci America with no
adequate remedy at law.

18 59. Accordingly, Gucci America is entitled to injunctive relief against
19 Forever 21, restraining it from any further infringement of the Webbing Marks
20 registered by Registration Nos. 4379039 and 1520796 and, after trial, recovery of
21 any damages proven to have been caused by reason of Forever 21's infringement of
22 those Webbing Marks.

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SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

Trademark Infringement and False Designation of Origin Under Section 43(a) of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a)

25 26

60. The foregoing allegations are incorporated as if re-alleged herein.

-33-

Forever 21's actions, including, but not limited to, its unauthorized use

27 of the Infringing Designations in commerce in connection with the Infringing

61.

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Products, constitutes a false designation of origin, false and misleading 1 representations of fact, and false and misleading descriptions of fact, which have 2 3 caused, and are likely to cause, confusion, mistake, and deception in violation of Section 43(a) of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a). 4

5

Forever 21's promotion, distribution, sale and offering for sale of the 62. Infringing Products bearing the Infringing Designations is intended to cause, has 6 caused, and is likely to cause, confusion, mistake, or deceit as to the affiliation, 7 8 connection, or association of Forever 21 and the Infringing Products with Gucci America, or as to the origin, sponsorship, approval of Forever 21's goods, services, 9 or commercial activities by Gucci America. 10

11 63. Forever 21's deceptive promotion, distribution, sale and offering for sale of the Infringing Products bearing the Infringing Designations constitute a false 12 13 designation of origin and false and misleading descriptions and representations of fact in violation of Section 43(a) of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. § 1125(a)). 14

Accordingly, Gucci America is entitled to injunctive relief against 15 64. Forever 21, restraining it from any further infringement of the Webbing Marks and, 16 after trial, recovery of any damages proven to have been caused by reason of 17 Forever 21's infringement of the Webbing Marks. 18

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THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

Trademark Dilution, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(c)

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The foregoing allegations are incorporated as if re-alleged herein. 65.

22 66. Gucci America is the exclusive owner of the GRG and BRB Webbing 23 Marks in the United States, which are inherently distinctive and have acquired a high degree of distinctiveness through Gucci America's use of the Webbing Marks 24 in commerce for many years. 25

The Webbing Marks have achieved wide recognition and fame among 26 67. the general consuming public of the United States as a designation of source of the 27 goods or services of Gucci America. 28

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Forever 21's use of the Infringing Designations in connection with the 68. 1 and sale of the Infringing Products, without Gucci America's 2 marketing authorization, is likely to cause dilution by blurring and tarnishment of, and does, in 3 fact, dilute and detract from the distinctiveness of, the famous Webbing Marks, with 4 5 consequent damage to Gucci America and to its substantial business and goodwill symbolized by the Webbing Marks in violation of the Trademark Dilution Revision 6 Act of 2006, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(c). 7

8 69. Upon information and belief, Forever 21 willfully intended to trade on
9 the recognition of the Webbing Marks.

70. Forever 21's willful acts of trademark dilution have caused and, unless
restrained, will continue to cause, great and irreparable injury to Gucci America and
to the substantial consumer goodwill that Gucci America has engendered, in an
amount that cannot be ascertained at this time, leaving Gucci America with no
adequate remedy at law.

15 71. Accordingly, Gucci America is entitled to injunctive relief against
16 Forever 21, restraining it from any further acts of trademark dilution and, after trial,
17 recovery of any damages proven to have been caused by reason of Forever 21's acts
18 of trademark dilution.

19

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Common Law Trademark Infringement

20 21

72. The foregoing allegations are incorporated as if re-alleged herein.

22 73. In the sale, offering for sale, distribution, and advertising of the
23 Infringing Products, Forever 21 uses the Infringing Designations without Gucci
24 America's authorization.

74. Forever 21's actions, including, but not limited to, its unauthorized use
of the Infringing Designations in commerce in connection with the Infringing
Products, constitute trademark infringement which has caused, and is likely to cause,

-35-

confusion, mistake, and deception in violation of Gucci America's common law
 rights to the Webbing Marks.

75. Forever 21's promotion, distribution, sale and offering for sale of the
Infringing Products bearing the Infringing Designations is intended to cause, has
caused, and is likely to cause confusion, or mistake, or deceive as to the affiliation,
connection, or association of Forever 21 and the Infringing Products with Gucci
America, or as to the origin, sponsorship, approval of Forever 21's goods, services,
or commercial activities by Gucci America.

9 76. Forever 21's acts, as described above, constitute common law
10 trademark infringement.

77. Accordingly, Gucci America is entitled to injunctive relief against
Forever 21, restraining it from any further infringement of the Webbing Marks and,
after trial, recovery of any damages proven to have been caused by reason of
Forever 21's infringement of the Webbing Marks.

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FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Trademark Dilution, California Business & Professions Code § 14247

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78. The foregoing allegations are incorporated as if re-alleged herein.

18 79. Gucci America is the exclusive owner of the GRG and BRB Webbing
19 Marks in California, which marks have achieved wide recognition by the general
20 consuming public of California as a designation of source of the goods of Gucci
21 America through Gucci America's long-time and extensive promotion and use of
22 the Webbing Marks in California in connection with substantial sales of Gucci
23 America products in California.

80. Forever 21's intentional use of the Infringing Designations in
commerce in connection with the marketing and sale of the Infringing Products,
without Gucci America's authorization, is a commercial use of the Webbing Marks
that is likely to cause dilution of the Webbing Marks, with consequent damage to

Gucci America and its substantial business and goodwill symbolized by the 1 2 Webbing Marks.

3 81. Forever 21's acts constitute trademark dilution under California Business & Professions Code § 14247. 4

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Unfair Competition Under California Common Law and California Business & Professions Code § 17200, et seq.

82. The foregoing allegations are incorporated as if re-alleged herein.

8 By the conduct alleged above, Forever 21 has intentionally and 83. 9 willfully engaged in unlawful, unfair, and/or fraudulent methods of competition, and 10 unfair or deceptive acts or practices in violation of California Business & 11 Professional Code § 17200 and the common law. 12

Forever 21's actions, including, but not limited to, its unauthorized use 84. 13 of the Infringing Designations in commerce in connection with the marketing and 14 sale of the Infringing Products, constitutes an unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business 15 act or practice and unfair, deceptive, untrue or misleading advertising. 16

Forever 21's actions are likely to cause confusion, misrepresentation, 85. 17 and/or to cause mistake or to deceive the public as to the affiliation, approval, 18 sponsorship or connection between Forever 21 and Gucci America, and constitute 19 unfair competition at common law and under California Business & Professions 20 Code § 17200. 21

Upon information and belief, unless restrained by this Court, Forever 86. 21 will continue to infringe Gucci America's Webbing Marks, and trade unfairly in connection therewith, such that money damages will not afford Gucci America 24 adequate relief for the injury to Gucci America's goodwill sustained by such actions. 25 Upon information and belief, Forever 21 has the purpose or intent to 87.

-37-

- 26 injure Gucci America, a competitor, or to destroy competition.
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| 1 | 88. | Forever 21's actions have resulted in direct and proximate damage to |
|----|---------------|--|
| 2 | Gucci Ame | erica. |
| 3 | 89. | Forever 21 has been unjustly enriched as a direct result of its wrongful |
| 4 | acts, and C | Bucci America is entitled to restitution, in an amount to be determined a |
| 5 | trial. | |
| 6 | | PRAYER FOR RELIEF |
| 7 | WH | EREFORE, Gucci America prays for judgment and relief against Forever |
| 8 | 21 as follow | WS: |
| 9 | 1. | Injunctive relief where appropriate; |
| 10 | 2. | An accounting by Forever 21 of its profits for all infringement of Gucci |
| 11 | America's | Webbing Marks; |
| 12 | 3. | Actual damages in an amount to be proven at trial; |
| 13 | 4. | Punitive or exemplary damages where appropriate; |
| 14 | 5. | Reasonable costs and attorneys' fees pursuant to applicable law; |
| 15 | 6. | Pre and post-judgment interest as applicable; and |
| 16 | 7. | Any other relief the Court deems appropriate. |
| 17 | | DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL |
| 18 | Defe | endant and counterclaimant Gucci America hereby demands a jury trial of |
| 19 | all issues in | n these Counterclaims which are triable to a jury. |
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| | | DEFENDANT GUCCI AMERICA, INC.'S PARTIAL ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS |
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| 1 2 | DATED: August 7, 2017 | QUINN EMANUEL URQUHART & |
|----------|-----------------------|--|
| 3 | | SULLIVAN, LLP |
| 4 | | |
| 5 | | By /s/ Daniel C. Posner |
| 6 | | Daniel C. Posner |
| 7 | | Susan R. Estrich Zack Schenkkan |
| 8 | | 865 South Figueroa Street, 10 th Floor |
| 0 9 | | Los Angeles, California 90017-2543 Telephone: (213) 443-3000 |
| 9 10 | | Facsimile: (213) 443-3100 |
| 10 | | Robert L. Raskopf (pro hac vice pending) |
| | | 51 Madison Avenue, 22 nd Floor |
| 12 | | New York, New York 10010 Telephone: (212) 849-7000 |
| 13 | | Facsimile: (212) 849-7100 |
| 14 | | Attomas for Defendant and |
| 15 | | Attorneys for Defendant and Counterclaimant Gucci America, Inc. |
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| | | -39- Case No. CV 17-04706-FMO(Ex) DEFENDANT GUCCI AMERICA, INC.'S |
| | | PARTIAL ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS |